What is claimed as new and desired to be protected by Letters Patent of the United States is:

- 1. A method of reducing power consumption in a memory integrated circuit comprising: receiving a clock signal at an input of a signal delay device; delaying propagation of said signal within said signal delay device to create a delayed signal; receiving said delayed signal at a clock input of a data buffer; and selectively preventing said input of said signal delay device from receiving said clock signal.
- 2. A method as defined in claim 1 wherein said signal delay device comprises a delay locked loop.
- 3. A method as defined in claim 1 wherein said data buffer comprises a data output buffer.
- 4. A method as defined in claim 1 wherein said step of preventing the input of said signal delay device from receiving said clock signal further comprises controlling a gate to interrupt transmission of said clock signal.
- 5. A method of reducing power consumption in a memory device comprising: receiving a free running clock signal; using said received clock signal for clocking an input of a delay locked loop; using an output of said delay locked loop to transfer data out of said memory device; and

interrupting the supply of said received clock signal to said delay locked loop during a power down operation of said memory device.

- 6. A method as defined in claim 5 further comprising:

 operating a switch with a control signal to cause it to permit or arrest passage of said received clock signal to said delay locked loop.
- 7. A memory integrated circuit comprising:
- a data buffer having a clock input;
- a signal delay device having a clock output and a clock input; said delay device clock output being operatively connected to said data buffer clock input; and a switch operatively connected between a clock source and said delay device clock input.
- 8. A memory integrated circuit as defined in claim 7 wherein said signal delay device further comprises a delay locked loop, including a plurality of delay elements.
- 9. A method of reducing power consumption in a memory integrated circuit having a delay locked loop comprising:

using a free running external clock signal to drive an input of a delay locked loop during a first power up time period; and

arresting the clock signal during a second power down time period, such that said input receives no external clock signal during said second time period.

- 10. A method as defined in claim 9 wherein said step of arresting the clock signal includes operating a switch to prevent said clock signal from reaching said input.
- 11. A method as defined in claim 9 wherein said switch is a transistor based logic gate circuit.
- 12. A memory integrated circuit comprising:
- a delay locked loop having a clock input; a transistor based switch operatively connected between a clock source and said clock input; said transistor based switch including a control input adapted to cause said switch to interrupt passage of a clock signal from said source to said clock input.
- 13. A memory integrated circuit as defined in claim 12 wherein said clock source is external to said memory integrated circuit.
- 14. A memory integrated circuit as defined in claim 12 further comprising a power down mode control device for operating said switch.
- 15. A random access memory circuit having reduced power consumption in power down mode comprising:

first and second data paths; a data buffer operatively connected between said first and second data paths, said data buffer having a clock input;

a signal delay device, having a clock input and a clock output; said delay device clock output being operatively connected to said data buffer clock input;

a switch having a clock input, a clock output, and a control input;

said switch clock input being connected to receive an external clock signal;

said switch clock output being operatively connected to said signal delay device clock input;

said switch control input being connected to receive a power down signal, and adapted to prevent passage of said external clock signal to said signal delay device on receipt of said power down signal;

- 16. A random access memory circuit as defined in claim 15 wherein said signal delay device further comprises a delay locked loop circuit, including a plurality of delay elements.
- 17. An electronic system comprising:

an external clock; a memory integrated circuit including a delay locked loop having an external clock input; a logic gate circuit operatively connected between said external clock and said external clock input; said gate circuit including a control input adapted to cause said gate circuit to interrupt passage of an external clock signal from said source to said external clock input; a control device adapted to signal a power down mode to said control input of said gate circuit; and a power supply operatively connected to said external clock, said memory integrated circuit, and said control device.